I Go to School Every Day

Listen and read.

Mrs Haddad goes to the city by bus every day.





Uncle Amjad goes to work by motorbike every morning.

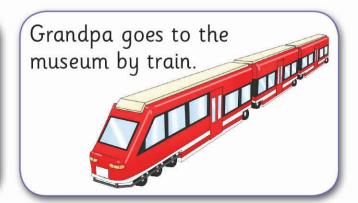
Mr Haddad goes to his business by car.

Grandma goes to the shopping mall by taxi.

Rama goes to her school by metro every morning.



Every year, the Haddads travel overseas by plane for their holiday.



■ Transportation

Read and say.







Ask your classmates and then tick (\checkmark) .

- 1. How do you go to school?
- 2. How do you travel on holidays?
- 3. How do you travel in your town?

	boat	metro	car	taxi	train	motorbike	other
You		All A					
Friend		30,	8				
Friend							
Friend							
Friend							

Simple Present 1

A. The simple present is the most basic tense in the English language. We use the simple present to talk about facts, habits, routines or to say how often something happens. It can also be something a person often forgets or usually does not do. It is not important that the action is happening at the time of speaking.



Examples: The earth goes around the sun.

Sami gets up at six o'clock.

Ali brushes his teeth every day.

I work at the library at the weekends.

Waleed cleans his bedroom.

He drinks milk every day.

He visits his grandpa on Sundays.

She jogs four miles every day.

B. We use do and does to make questions and negatives.

Do	I/we/you/they	work? swim?	
Does	he/she/it	drive?	

I/We/You/They	aont	work. swim. drive.	
He/She/It	doesn't		

Simple Present 2



C. We do not use do and does to make questions and negatives with verbs to be (am, is, are).

Look at the table and form sentences.

Am	I	young?
Is	he/she/it	old?
Are	we/you/they	kind?

I	am not	young.
He/She/It	is not	old.
We/You/They	are not	kind.

Correct the sentences.

every month.

1. He read the newspaper every day. He reads the newspaper every day
2. I doesn't clean my room.
3. The pupils wears school uniforms.
4. They likes milk.
5. Ann don't like to watch TV.
6. He don't plays football.
7. We feels sad.
8. I doesn't collect stamps.
9. She buy new computer games

Present Simple Spelling

Some present simple verbs have spelling changes with 'he', 'she' or 'it'.

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add 's' for most verbs → works, eats, sleeps

add 'es' for words that end → passes, rushes, watches in 'ch', 's', 'sh', 'x' or 'z'

change 'y' to 'i' and add → studies, hurries, dries 'es' when the base form ends in a consonant + 'y'

but do not change the 'y' → plays, enjoys, boys when the base form ends in a vowel, add 's'

a few verbs have irregular → is, does, goes forms
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Example: The sun sets in the west and rises in the east.

a hat when he goes out.

Read and write.

1. Water (boil)	at 100 °C.
2. Ice (melt)	at 0 °C.
3. The earth (travel)	around the sun.
4. Rami (play)	football every Monday.
5. He (sleep)	early in the evening.
6. Sajid often (go)	to the zoo.
7. He never (drink)	soda.
8. Rami always (read)	in the evening.



9. He (wear)

Dana's Schedule

Read.

First: Dana gets up at six o'clock.

Second: She makes her bed.

Third: She washes her face and

brushes her teeth.

Fourth: She combs her hair.

Fifth: She has her breakfast.

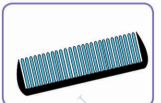
Sixth: She puts on her clothes.

Seventh: She goes to school.













Read and say.



The train arrives at 10:30 p.m.



The class ends at one o'clock.



It is five o'clock.

Present Simple Indicators





Listen and read.

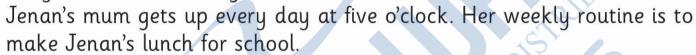
Jenan always gets up for school at six o'clock in the morning.

First, she washes her face and brushes her teeth.

Then, she gets dressed and fixes her hair.

Next, Jenan eats her breakfast. Her friend Noor drops by her house at seven o'clock.

They walk to school together.



Next, she showers and dresses for work.

Then, she wakes Jenan up at six o'clock and helps her get ready for school. When everyone is dressed, they sit down for a quick breakfast together and are ready to leave by seven o'clock. Jenan walks to school with her friend, and her mum drives to work by car.

Read and write.

1. Jenan	gets up for school at s	ix o'clock. (usually / always)
2. Jenan was	hes her face and brushesl her breakfast)	
3. Her friend (Yasmine /	Noor)	they walk to school together.
4. Jenan's	gets up every day	at five o'clock. (mum / dad)
5. Jenan's mu	ım wakes her up at	(9 / 6)
6. Jenan's mu	ım goes to work bu	(bus / car)

2

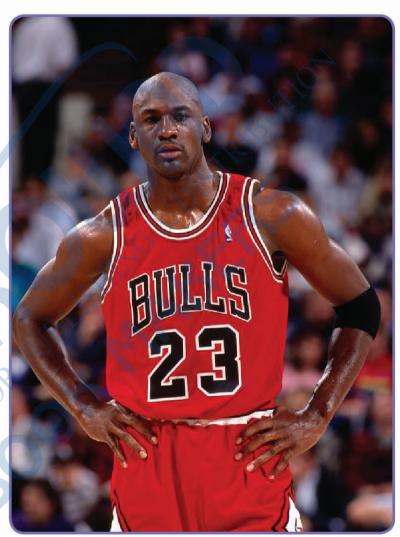
Michael Jordan Is My Hero

Listen and read.

I am Ali. I am eleven years old. I am tall and thin, but I'm very strong. I can run very fast. I love to play basketball.

My favourite athlete is
Michael Jordan. He is my
hero. He inspires me to do
my best in everything. My
favourite saying of his is 'I
can accept failure, but I can't
accept not trying.'

Michael Jordan is my hero, not because he is a popular basketball player, but because he does great things for children, and he thinks of others. Who is your hero?



Athletes

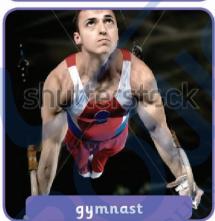
Look and read.













Read and say.

He is a football player.

He is a boxing player.

He is a weightlifting athlete.

He is a tennis player.

He is a gymnastics player.

He is a volleyball player.

He is a footballer.

He is a boxer.

He is a weightlifter.

He is a tennis player.

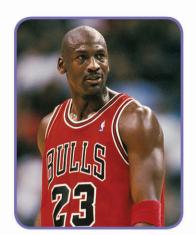
He is a gymnast.

He is a volleyball player.

Read and say.



He's tall. He's fast. He can play basketball. Who is he?





Read and match.

He's a famous tennis player. He's fast and determined. He's Moroccan. Who is he?

He's a famous basketballer. He's tall and strong. He's Jordanian. Who is he?

He's a boxer. He's very strong. He's Yemeni. Who is he?

He's a runner. He's very fast. He's Moroccan. Who is he?



Nassem Hamed



Hicham El Guerrouj



Younes El Aynaoui



Zaid Al-Khas